

## ALGEBRA PRELIMINARY EXAM

Attempt at least **3** problems from each section!

### 1. GROUP THEORY

1. State the three Sylow Theorems and give an outline of their proofs.
2. State and prove the Frattini Argument.
3. Let  $G$  be a finite group, and suppose that  $p$  is the smallest prime dividing  $|G|$ . Show that every subgroup  $U$  of  $G$  with  $|G : U| = p$  is normal in  $G$ .
4. Let  $p$  and  $q$  be primes. Show that every group  $G$  with  $|G| = pq$  is solvable.
5. Show that a finite group  $G$  is nilpotent if and only if  $|Syl_p(G)| = 1$  for all primes  $p$ .

### 2. RINGS AND MODULES

1. Let  $R$  be a principal ideal domain. Show that a submodule of a free module is free.
2. Show that every integral domain  $R$  has a field of quotients  $Q(R)$  which is unique up to isomorphism.
3. State the structure theorem of finitely generated unitary modules over a PID.
4. Give an example for each of the following cases. Explain why your examples work.
  - a) A UFD that is not a Noetherian domain.
  - b) A Noetherian domain that is not a UFD.
5. Let  $R$  be a ring. Suppose that

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} 0 & \longrightarrow & A & \xrightarrow{f} & B & \xrightarrow{g} & C & \longrightarrow & 0 \\ & & \alpha \downarrow & & \beta \downarrow & & \gamma \downarrow & & \\ 0 & \longrightarrow & A' & \xrightarrow{f'} & B' & \xrightarrow{g'} & C' & \longrightarrow & 0 \end{array}$$

is a commutative diagram of  $R$ -module homomorphisms such that each row is exact. Show

- a) If  $\alpha$  and  $\gamma$  are monomorphisms, then  $\beta$  is a monomorphism.
- b) If  $\alpha$  and  $\gamma$  are epimorphisms, then  $\beta$  is an epimorphism.
- c) If  $\alpha$  and  $\gamma$  are isomorphisms, then  $\beta$  is an isomorphism.

## 3. FIELDS AND GALOIS THEORY

1. Let  $F$  be an extension field of a field  $K$ , and  $u \in F$  algebraic over  $K$ . Show that the rings  $K(u) = K[u] \simeq K[x]/(p(x))$ , where  $p(x)$  is the irreducible polynomial of  $u$  over  $K$ .
2. Suppose the fields  $K, E, F$  satisfy that  $K \subset E \subset F$ , and  $F$  is a finite dimensional extension over  $K$ . Prove that  $[F : K] = [F : E][E : K]$ .
3. Determine the Galois groups of the following polynomials over  $\mathbb{Q}$ :
  - a)  $f(x) = (x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 2)$
  - b)  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 1$
  - c)  $f(x) = x^{2008} - 1$
4. Let  $F$  be a finite field with  $3^{12}$  elements; and view  $F$  as an extension field of  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ .
  - a) Determine the Galois group of  $F$  over  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ .
  - b) Draw the intermediate field diagram between  $F$  and  $\mathbb{Z}_3$ , and the subgroup diagram of  $\text{Aut}_{\mathbb{Z}_3} F$ .
5. Let  $K \subset F \subset \bar{K}$  be fields such that  $\bar{K}$  is an algebraic closure of  $K$ , and  $F$  is a finite dimensional extension field of  $K$ . Let  $\{F : K\}$  denote the number of distinct  $K$ -isomorphisms from  $F$  to certain extension field of  $K$  in  $\bar{K}$ . Prove that  $|\text{Aut}_K F| \leq \{F : K\} \leq [F : K]$ .