





- Preliminary results
  - Chinese tallowtree study
  - Clearcast pilot study
- Plant listing update



## Tallowtree control study

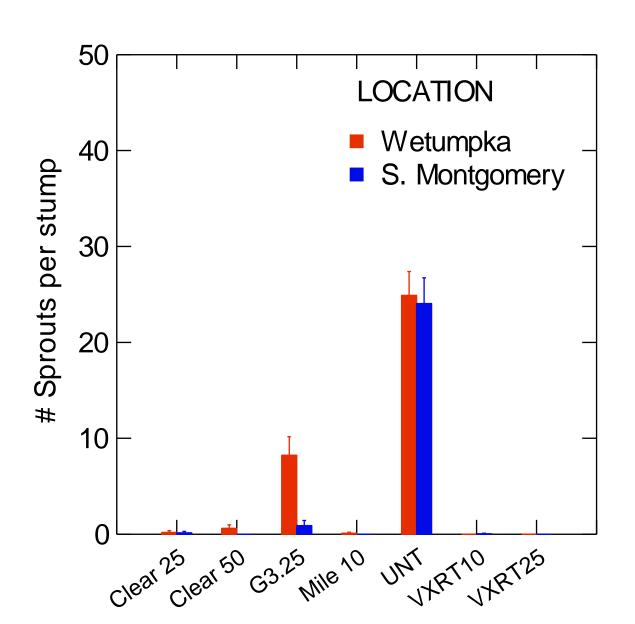
- 2 sites
  - Montgomery (black belt)
  - Wetumpka
- 3 control methods
  - Cut stump
  - Basal bark
  - Foliar
- Several herbicides and rates
- Funded by Forest Service



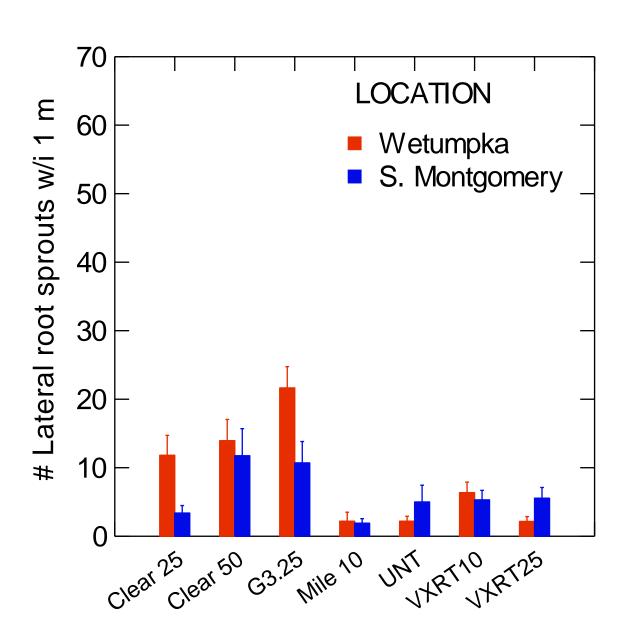
# Cut Stump Treatments Applied December 2011

- Clearcast
  - 25% v/v
  - 50% v/v
- Garlon 3A
  - 25% /v
- Milestone
  - 10% v/v
- Vista XRT
  - 10% v/v
  - 25% v/v
- Untreated

### Cut Stump Results at 10 months after treatment



### Cut Stump Results at 10 months after treatment



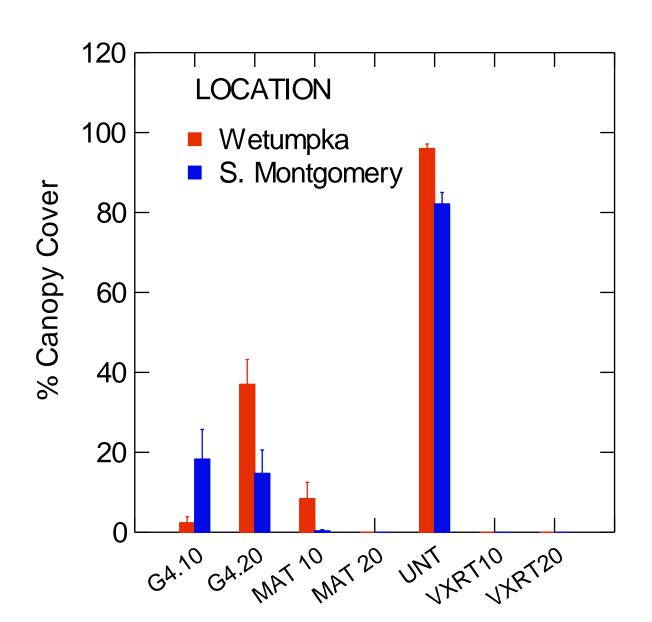


# Basal bark treatments Applied December 2011

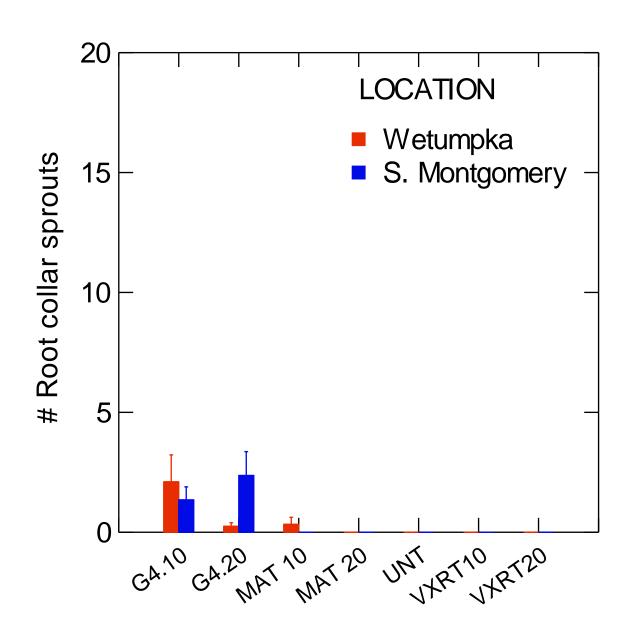
- Garlon 4
  - 10% v/v
  - 20% v/v
- Vista XRT
  - 10% v/v
  - 20% v/v
- Aminocyclopyrachlor\* (Streamline)
  - 10% v/v
  - 20% v/v
- Untreated

\* 1 lb ae/gal oil soluble formulation

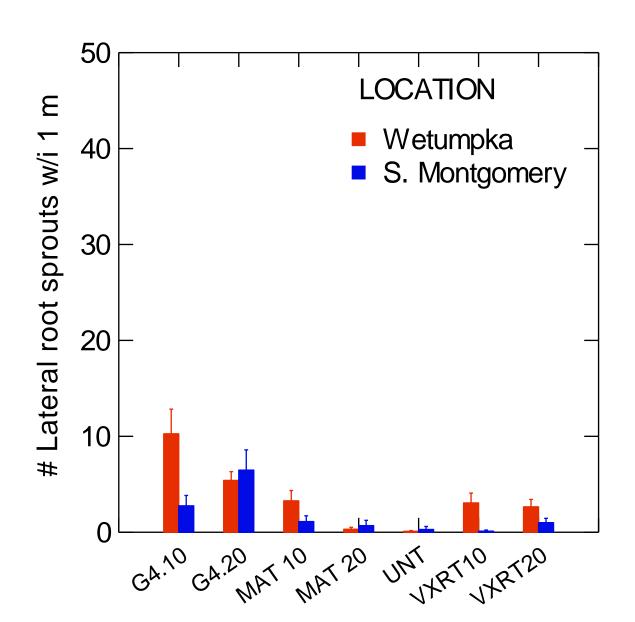
### Basal Bark Results at 10 months after treatment



### Basal Bark Results at 10 months after treatment



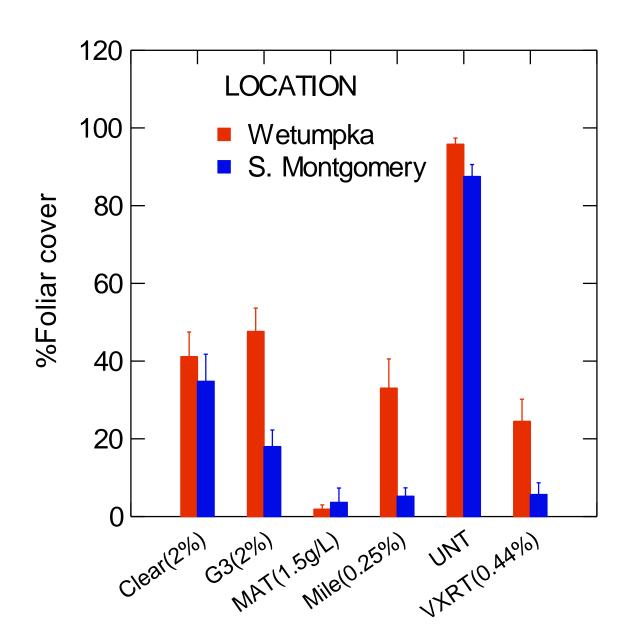
### Basal Bark Results at 10 months after treatment





Foliar treatments

### Foliar treatment results 3 months after treatment



## Tallowtree Summary

- Tallowtree a growing, expensive problem
- Promising new herbicides
- We need reports of tallowtree impacts on forestry, pasture, non-crop, ...

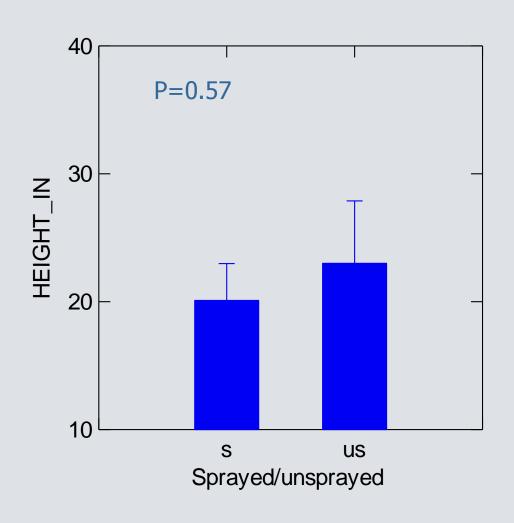
### Clearcast trial

- Clearcast is labeled for use over the top of mixed hardwood/tallowtree stands
- Age of hardwoods in relation to safety is uncertain, especially for seedlings and saplings

### Methods

- Oak species
  - willow
  - swamp chestnut
  - cherrybark
  - Nuttall
  - white
  - Shumard
- 1 yr old seedlings
  - Georgia SuperTree Nursery, Shellman, Ga
  - Seedlings potted in 2 gal pots and sprayed May 1<sup>st</sup> 2012
- Clearcast at 64 oz/A + MSO 1%v/v
- Application volume = 10 GPA
- Measured height growth

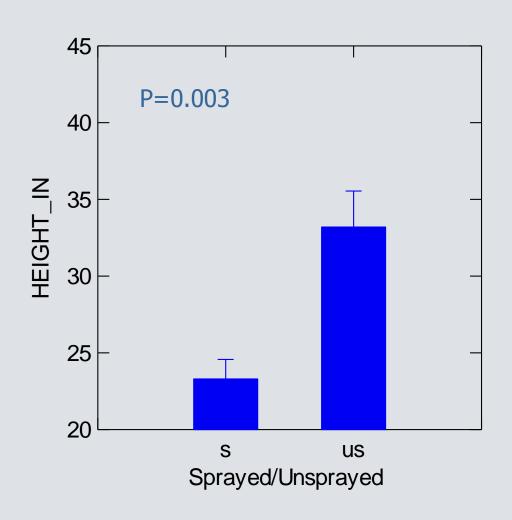
## willow oak 13 MAT with Clearcast @64 oz/A

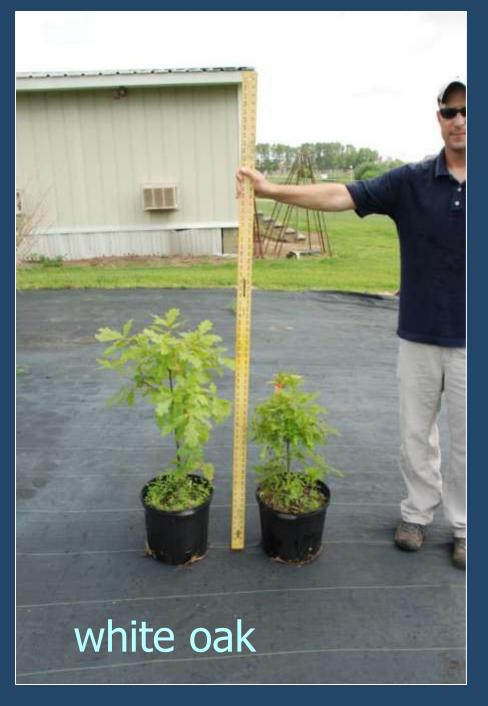






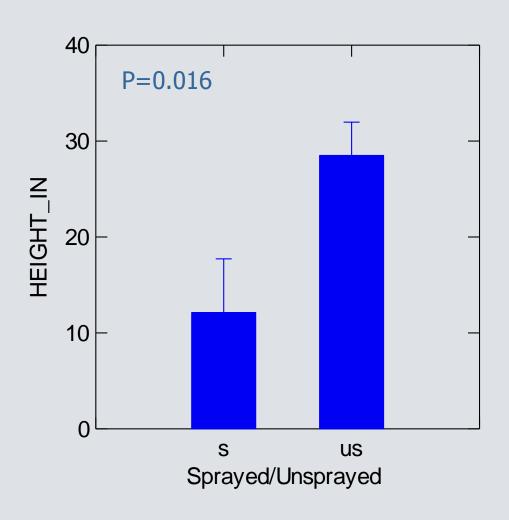
## white oak 13 MAT with Clearcast @64 oz/A

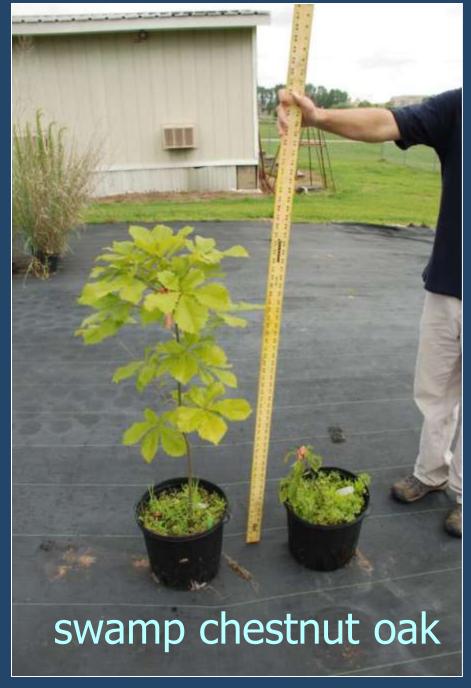


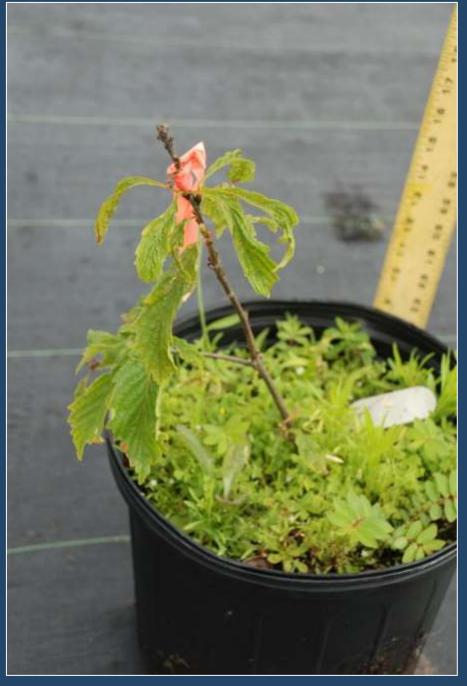




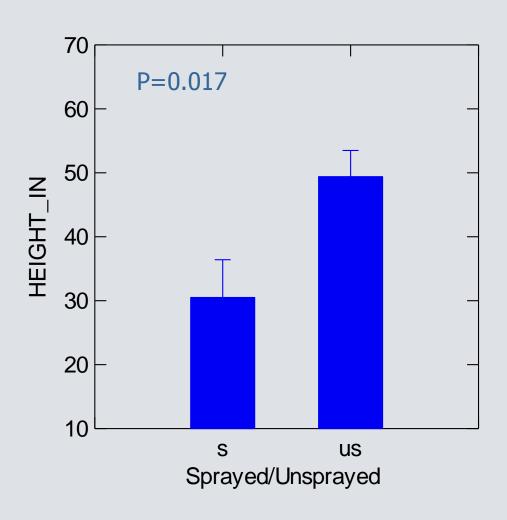
## swamp chestnut oak 13 MAT with Clearcast @64 oz/A







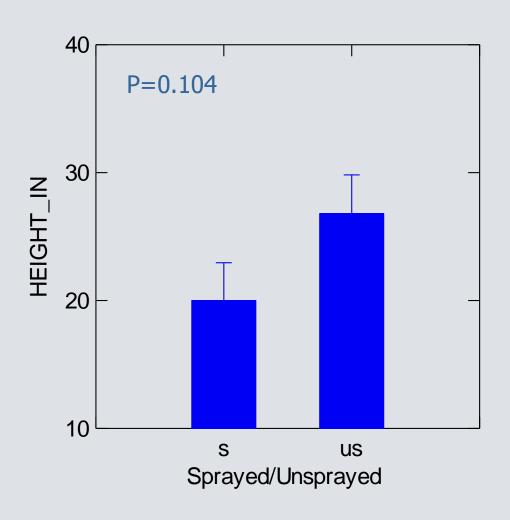
# Shumard oak 13 MAT with Clearcast @64 oz/A

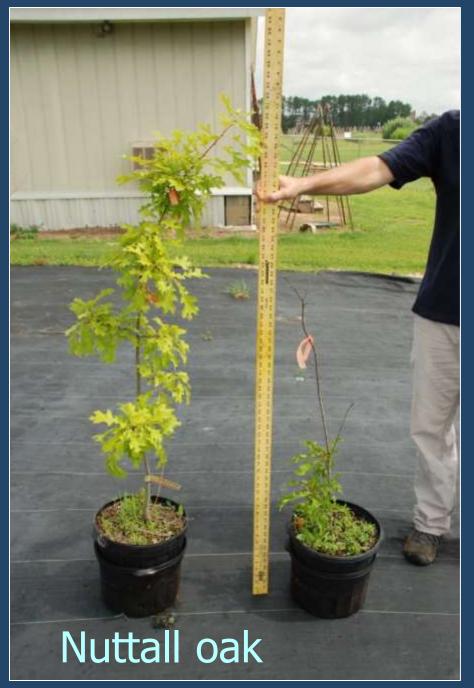






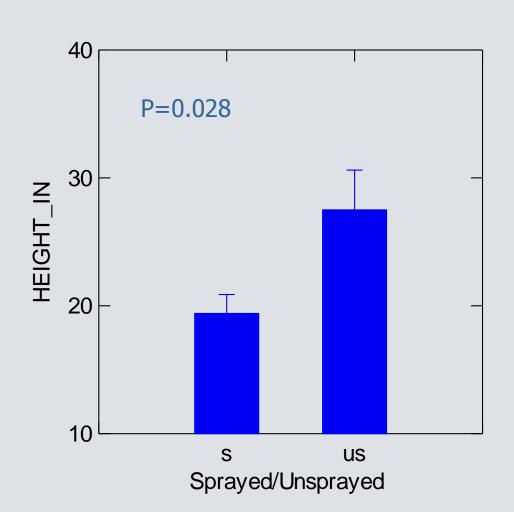
# Nuttall oak 13 MAT with Clearcast @64 oz/A







## cherrybark oak 13 MAT with Clearcast @64 oz/A











## New plant listings

- Chinese parasol tree
   (Firmiana simplex)
- lantana (Lantana camara)
- pampas grass
   (Cortaderia selloana)



### Species recently added to watch list A

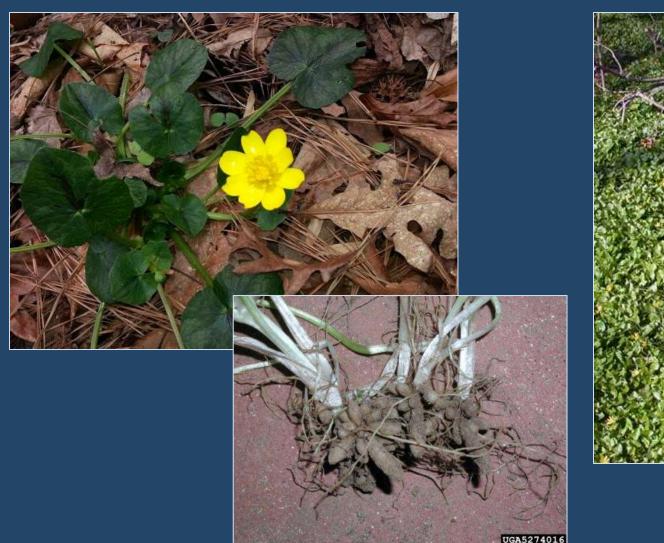
- Japanese chaff flower (Achyranthes japonica)
- Japanese ardesia (Ardesia japonica)
- Australian-pine (Casuarina equisitifolia)
- tropical bushmint (Hyptis mutabilis)
- water clover (Marsilea spp.)
- brittleleaf naiad (Najas minor)
- curlyleaf pondweed (Potamogeton crispus)
- sawtooth oak (Quercus acutissima)



### Species recently added to watch list B

- 🌞 Japanese barberry (Berberis thunbergii)
- Paper-mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)
- Purple beautyberry (Callicarpa dichotoma)
- 🏶 Japanese beautyberry (Callicapa japonica)
- Winter creeper (Euonymus fortunei)
- 🏶 Japanese spiraea (Spiraea japonica)
- Chinese or lacebark elm (Ulmus parvifolia)

### Species of interest





Lesser celandine or fig buttercup (Ficaria verna)



needlebush (Glochidion puberum)
Phyllanthaceae family (formerly in Euphorbiaceae)





## Invasive Plants in Southern Forests: Identification and Management

This app is based on the U.S. Forest Service publication: A Field Guide for the Identification of Invasive Plants in Southern Forests. Invasions o nonnative plants into forests of the Southern United States continue to go unchecked and only partially unmonitored.

Basic strategies for managing invasions on a specific site include maintaining forest vigor with minimal disturbance, constant surveillance and treatment of new unwanted arrivals, and finally, rehabilitation following eradication.



Learn More



Welcome: Nancy Loewenstein , Auburn University Logout

**Report Sightings** 

**Distribution Maps** 

**Species Information** 

**Tools & Training** 

My EDDMapS

**About** 

#### Invasive Species Mapping Made Easy!



EDDMapS, started in 2005, is now providing a picture of the distribution of invasive species across the U.S. and Canada

- ✓ Fast and easy to use no knowledge of GIS required.
- Web-based mapping of invasive species distribution to help fill gaps and identify "leading edge" ranges
- Facilitates Early Detection and Rapid Response implementation with online data entry forms, e-mail alerts and network of expert verifiers
- One Database for both local and national data
- Data can be searched, queried and downloaded in a variety of formats
- Cooperates with and aggregates data from other invasive species mapping projects
- Custom/hosted applications can be quickly and inexpensively developed

#### Who's Using It?

- ✓ Southeast Exotic Pest Plant Council
- ✓ Alaska Exotic Plant Information Clearinghouse
- Missouri River Watershed Coalition
- ✓ Biological Control Agents of Weeds
- ✓ Florida Invasive Species Partnership
- Invaders of Texas
- ✓ Mid-Atlantic Invasive Plant Council
- ✓ Appalachian Trail Conservancy
- ✓ EDDMapS Alberta Alberta Invasive Plants Council
- National Wildlife Refuge Early Detection Network for New England
- ✓ Outsmart Invasive Species
- ✓ Invasive Plant Atlas of New England
- ✓ What's Invasive Coming Soon

#### Statistics

1,947,176 County Reports 1,081,095 Point Reports 2,433 Species / 11,930 Users

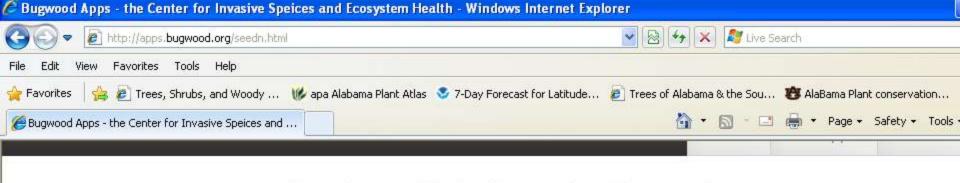
**Educational Resources** 



### BRING THE POWER OF EDDMAPS TO YOUR SMARTPHONE

Introducing BugwoodApps - comprehensive mobile

http://www.eddmaps.org

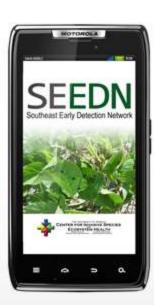


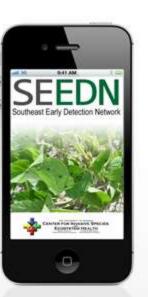
### Southeast Early Detection Network

Submit invasive species observations directly with your iPhone from the field.

#### Features:

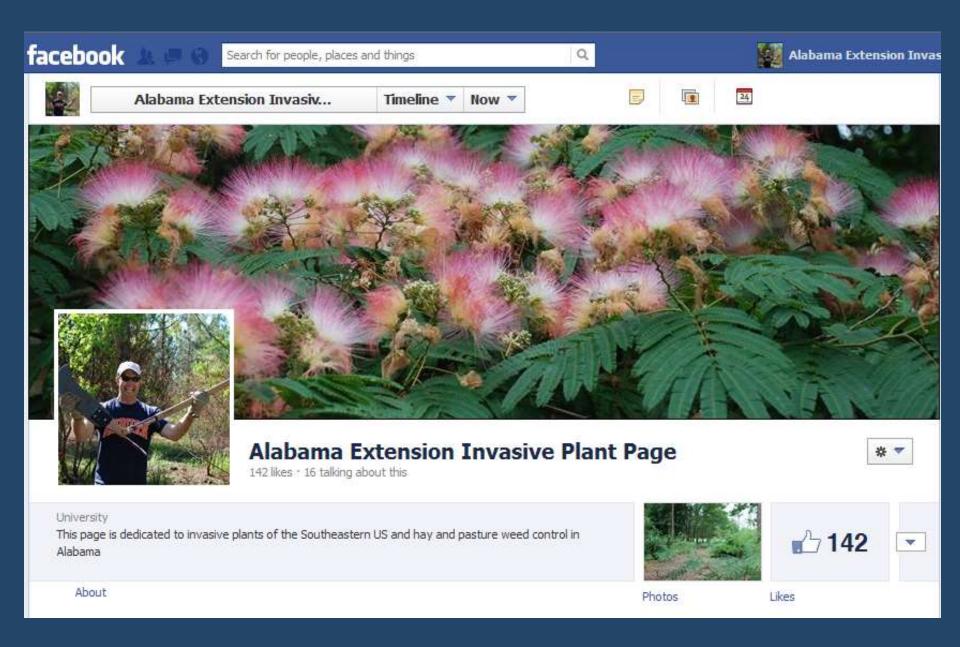
- GPS automatically captures your current location
- Submit an image of your sighting to add validity to your report
- Online reporting
- Offline reporting: reports saved on your phone to upload when you have network connectivity
- Species ID Guides include images and information on the worst non-native invasive plants, insects and plant pathogens in the Southeastern United States
- Provides real-time point distribution maps centered on your current location
- Invasive species resources





Get It For Android

Get It For iPhone



Invasive plant updates on Facebook!