



THE PERSONAL INVESTOR PROFILE

is designed to help you develop an investment approach that fits your individual financial goals. This is the first step in the asset management process, and it will help us define important factors such as your investment objectives, time horizon and attitudes toward risk and investing.

The profile works to build the foundation for the second step in the asset management process – determining an appropriate asset allocation. Based on your responses to the following questions, the Personal Investor Profile will help you develop an asset allocation strategy within five risk profile ranges – CONSERVATIVE, MODERATELY CONSERVATIVE, BALANCED, AGGRESSIVE, VERY AGGRESSIVE. Your asset allocation model will fall within one of these risk profile ranges.

PERSONAL INVESTOR PROFILE

Equities ■ Fixed Income Fixed Income AGGRESSIVE → CONSERVATIVE → RISK ►

The Efficient Frontier shown here can be thought of as a risk/return tradeoff curve. It may be used to identify efficient portfolios that are expected to provide the highest return for a given level of risk or the lowest risk for a given return. The illustration shows the relationship between return and risk - the higher the expected return, the higher the expected risk level. Your answers to the questions in this profile are used to help identify which portfolio may be most appropriate for you. For example, an aggressive portfolio will typically have a higher expected return and a higher corresponding risk level than a moderately aggressive portfolio. Every data point that plots below the curve is deemed inefficient, given there is a preferable portfolio mix that can generate a greater return for the same amount of risk assumed. There are no portfolios that will plot above the curve. As you move from left to right on the graph, there is a portfolio structure at each level that can offer potentially higher returns. As with any type of portfolio structuring, however, attempting to reduce risk and increase return could at certain times unintentionally reduce returns.

There is no guarantee that any of the portfolios or models in a product will meet their stated goals or investment objectives. Investments are subject to market risk and loss of principal. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate and when redeemed may be worth more or less than their original cost. The portfolios represented on the Risk and Return Relationship graph are not based on the actual investment experience or portfolio results of any client. No investment strategy can guarantee a profit or protect against loss.

DETERMINE YOUR INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES AND RISK TOLERANCE

NAME	PHONE	COMPANY
		2175
STREET ADDRESS	CITY/STATE/ZIP	DATE
FORM COMPLETED BY (NAME/PHONE)	CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCE	ANNUAL EXPECTED CONTRIBUTION

For each question, select or fill in the circle that best reflects your answer. When you've answered all of the questions, total the numbers to find your score.

1. What is your primary goal for these invested assets?

Growth with	
9	○ 11
ectrum	
le.	Significant Risk
	some incom

2. How many years do you plan to invest these assets before you anticipate making withdrawals?

Less than 3 years	3 to 5 years	5 to 10 years	10 to 20 years	More than 20 years
○ - 14	○ 3	6	9	○ 11

3. Once you have reached the point where you would like to take withdrawals from these assets, how long will you be making withdrawals from this investment?

O	○	<u> </u>	O	0
1	3		9	11
lump sum distribution	1 to 5	5 to 10	10 to 20	More than
	years	years	years	20 years
One-time				

- 4. At times, extremely conservative investments may earn less than the rate of inflation. This may result in the loss of purchasing power. Which of the following statements best aligns with your goals and objectives?
 - a. This is a long-term investment, and my goal is to significantly exceed the rate of inflation. I am willing to accept considerable risk and substantial market volatility to achieve this goal.

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0

6

0

3

- Over time, I can ignore fluctuations in investment value to achieve my goal of meaningful growth and exceeding the rate of inflation.
- c. It is important that these investments match or exceed the rate of inflation. I am comfortable with moderate fluctuations in the value of these investments.
- I am willing to tolerate small fluctuations in principal value to allow for the opportunity of my investments to grow at the same rate of inflation.
- e. These assets should be safe, even if it means the returns on the ont keep pace with the rate of inflation.

5. Carefully consider the following hypothetical portfolios. Which portfolio would you be comfortable owning despite the potential of short-term volatility and decrease in value?

Hypothetical portfolios	Worst 3-month <u>return</u>	Worst 12-month <u>return</u>	Average annual return	
Portfolio A	-7%	-7%	5.0%	0 1
Portfolio B	-14%	-18%	5.5%	3
Portfolio C	-19%	-25%	6.0%	6
Portfolio D	-24%	-33%	6.5%	9
Portfolio E	-35%	-47%	7.5%	0 11

These are hypothetical portfolios and are not meant to be representative of any investment or investment strategy.

6.	The degree in which to decreases is one meat generally offer greate volatile investments; With how much volati	nsure of risk. M r long-term gro however, they r	lore volatile inve wth potential th nay produce gre	stments an less
	I prefer to	I don't mind	I'm comfortable	I expect

	I prefer to	I don't mind	I'm comfortable	e I expect
I'm not	minimize	modest volatility	with moderate	substantial
comfortable	volatility and	to create a	volatility to	volatility in
with any	focus on	potential for	increase	pursuit of
volatility	stability	growth	potential return	s higher returns
0	0	\circ	0	\circ
-14	3	6	9	11
	Risk	of Loss Sp	oectrum	
Minimal Ri	sk	Moderate Ris	k S	Significant Risk

7. Other secure assets that I own, such as permanent cash value life insurance, personal savings accounts, pension, and fixed income assets, form a substantial portion of my net worth and should be taken into consideration when determining my asset allocation.

Strongly Disagree	Disagree	Neutral	Agree	Strongly Agree
○ 1	○ 3	6	O	○ 11

8. I believe the stability of my current and future income sources (not including these investments) is:

Very		Somewhat		Very
Stable	Stable	Stable	Unstable	Unstable
○ 11	9	6	○ 3	O 1

9. If you could increase the opportunity to improve your returns by investing in riskier assets, would you be willing to take:

○ -4	○ 3	6	9	○ 11
amount of risk with some of your money	amount of risk with most of your money	amount of risk with some of your money	amount of risk with most of your money	Substantial risk with all of your money
A small	A small	A moderate	A moderate	

10. Carefully consider the following hypothetical portfolios and the hypothetical returns. With which portfolio are you most comfortable?

Hypothetical outc	Hypothetical outcome of \$100,000 invested for three years				
\$100,000 Investment	Worst Case	Best Case			
Portfolio A	\$110,000	\$165,000	1		
Portfolio B	\$105,000	\$170,000	3		
Portfolio C	\$100,000	\$175,000	6		
Portfolio D	\$85,000	\$185,000	9		
Portfolio E	\$70,000	\$200,000	0 11		

These are hypothetical portfolios and are not meant to be representative of any investment or investment strategy.

11. What best describes your philosophy and strategy toward investing?

a.	I am unaffected by short-term market movements and stay focused on my long-term strategy of capital appreciation and growth.	0 11
b.	Although I may have some concerns, I am typically a very patient investor with a <i>wait and</i> see <i>attitude</i> in regards to my long-term growth strategy.	9
C.	I can get anxious during market swings and at times may change my strategies because of this.	6
d.	I am uncomfortable with market volatility, which is why I typically focus on preservation of capital and current income.	O

Compare your total to the risk profile ranges below.

e. I have never invested.

RISK PROFILE	

RANGE OF SCORES	PROFILE
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(-59) – 22 Conservative - These investors are willing to accept lower returns for the potential to reduce volatility.

23 – 54 Moderately Conservative - These investors are willing to take on a little more risk to achieve growth, with the understanding that it may increase volatility.

55 – 84 Balanced - These investors generally want steady and sustained growth without the volatility that high-risk investments can bring.

85 – 109 Aggressive - These investors are comfortable with the volatility that accompanies higher risk investments.

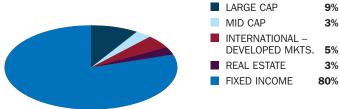
110 – 121 Very Aggressive - These investors are interested in higher potential growth with greater volatility and are willing to take substantial risks to achieve it.

ASSET ALLOCATION MODELS

CONSERVATIVE

ASSET ALLOCATION MODEL

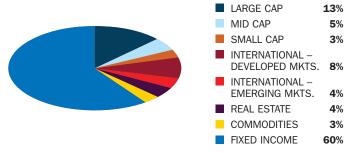
Conservative investors tend to be more interested in preservation of principal, liquidity and income, rather than in long-term growth or capital appreciation. These investors are willing to accept lower returns for the potential to reduce volatility.



MODERATELY CONSERVATIVE

ASSET ALLOCATION MODEL

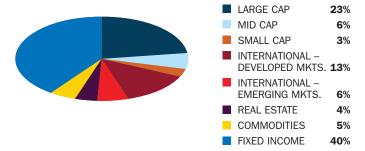
Moderately conservative investors are interested in preservation of principal, liquidity and income, but also seek modest growth in the value of their investments. These investors are willing to take on a little more risk to achieve that growth, with the understanding that it may increase volatility.



BALANCED

ASSET ALLOCATION MODEL

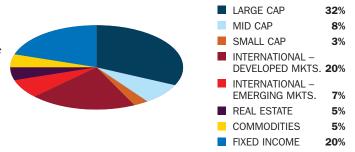
Balanced investors are equally interested in preservation of principal and long-term growth. These investors generally want steady and sustained growth without the volatility that high-risk investments can bring.



AGGRESSIVE

ASSET ALLOCATION MODEL

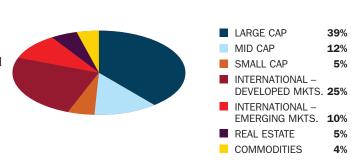
Aggressive investors are primarily interested in long-term growth and are willing to take reasonable risks to achieve it. These investors are comfortable with the volatility that accompanies higher risk investments.



VERY AGGRESSIVE

ASSET ALLOCATION MODEL

Very aggressive investors are interested in higher potential growth with greater volatility and are willing to take substantial risks to achieve it.



Investors should be aware of the risks of investments in foreign securities, particularly investments in securities of companies in developing nations. These include the risks of currency fluctuation, of political and economic instability and of less well-developed government supervision and regulation of business and industry practices, as well as differences in accounting standards.

Stocks of smaller or newer companies are more likely to realize more substantial growth as well as suffer more significant losses than larger or more established issuers. Investments in such companies can be both more volatile and more speculative. Investing in small company stocks involves a greater degree of risk than investing in medium or large company stocks. Investing in medium company stocks involves a greater degree of risk than investing in large company stocks.

Specific sector investing such as real estate can be subject to different and greater risks than more diversified investments. Declines in the value of real estate, economic conditions, property taxes, tax laws and interest rates all present potential risks to real estate investments.

Bonds and other debt obligations are affected by changes in interest rates, inflation risk and the creditworthiness of their issuers. When interest rates rise, bond prices fall.

Commodity prices fluctuate more than other asset prices with the potential for large losses and may be affected by market events, weather, regulatory or political developments, worldwide competition, and economic conditions. Investment can be made directly in physical assets or commodity-linked derivative instruments, such as commodity swap agreements or futures contracts.

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You should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, expenses and charges of the investment company before you invest. Your NMIS Registered Representative can provide you with a contract and fund prospectus that will contain the information noted above and other important information that you should read carefully before you invest or send money.

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