COURSE: BIOL3001 GENETICS NAME:	
---------------------------------	--

# LABORATORY 2, EXERCISE 1. MULTI-TRAIT MENDELIAN CROSSES

### **Purpose**

The purpose of this exercise is to acquaint you with important dihybrid ratios and to provide practice with the application of genetic principles of Segregation and Assortment. Your TA will walk you through this Exercise step by step. You will be responsible for completing the remaining exercises on your own.

#### Exercise Protocol

Your assignment is:

- 1. Determine for your selected traits, whether their inheritance patterns follow Mendelian Segregation and Assortment patterns.
- 2. Using Chi-squared analysis, demonstrate that the  $F_2$  offspring fit a **9:3:3:1** expected ratio.

Steps for this Exercise:

- 1. Launch the Fly Lab Colony (<a href="https://cws.auburn.edu/FlyLab">https://cws.auburn.edu/FlyLab</a>) and open a Mendelian cross.
- 2. Choose the following **TRAITS** to examine:

#### EYE COLOR – Sepia

#### WING SHAPE – Crumpled

(It does not matter which parent you choose, however at this point, place both mutants in the same parent.)

- 3. Mate the parents using the default 1000 offspring.
- 4. Record the results on the data sheet for LABORATORY EXERCISE 1. Take a moment to think about your results.
  - a. Do the offspring look like either parent?
  - b. Are the numbers of males and females equal for each phenotype?
  - c. Are both the mutant and Wild phenotypes present?
  - d. Did any new phenotypes appear?
- 5. Mate the  $F_1$  offspring to produce  $F_2$  offspring and record the results on the LABORATORY EXERCISE 1 data sheet. Remember to select which traits you are examining in the Chi-Squared Test box.
- 6. Using the Chi-Squared Tests at the bottom of the exercise, calculate the Chi-Squared for your results and enter that data on your data sheet as well. You will need to calculate three separate Chi-Squares.
- 7. Answer the Exercise 1 questions on the following pages.

## **GENETIC CROSS**

## LAB 4 EXERCISE 1 - DATA SHEET

NAME:								
TRAIT 1:			PHENO	TYPES C	ROSSED:	Male	x	Female
TRAIT 2:								
CROSS DIAGRAM								
Parentals		Ma	ale	7	Fema	ale	_	
Phen	Phenotype			X				
Gend	otype			х				
F1 Results		Ma	ile	-	Female		_	
	Phenotype							
	Genotype							
Daro	nts for F2	Ma	lo.		Fema	alo.		
Fale	Phenotype	IVIA	ic	x	Feme	aic		
	Genotype			x			╡	
				]				
				-	phenotype	ratio	phenotype	ratio
F2 Results	Predicted Seg			L				
	Predicted Seg	regation R	atio (Trait 2	?) =				
Gender Phenotype		уре	Genotype		Exp Number		Obs N	lumber
						[_		
				[				

### Chi-Squared Test Trait 1 (enter values from F2 Generation Page, combine sexes to one phenotype)

Phenotype	Observed	Expected	O - E	( O – E ) <sup>2</sup>	(O-E) <sup>2</sup> /E
TOTAL					
	1	Observed Chi – Squ Degrees of Freedor Table Value (0.05) Overall Conclusion	m ( <i>df</i> ) =	:	
CONCLUSIONS:					

## Chi-Squared Test Trait 2 (enter values from F2 Generation Page, combine sexes to one phenotype)

Phenotype	Observed	Expected	O - E	( O – E ) <sup>2</sup>	$(O-E)^2/E$
TOTAL					
	•	Observed Chi – Squ	ared Value =	=	
	1	Degrees of Freedor	m ( <i>df</i> ) =	=	
	-	Table Value (0.05)	=	=	
		Overall Conclusion	=	=	
CONCLUSIONS:					

### Chi-Squared Test Combined Traits (enter values from F2 Generation Page, combine sexes to one phenotype)

TOTAL	

TOTAL							
					1		
		Observed Chi – Squ	ared Value =	=			
Degrees of Freedom (df) =							
Table Value (0.05) =							
		=	=				
CONCLUSIONS:							
What was your fir	nal phenotypic Assortm	ent Ratio?					
Does vour final As	ssortment Ratio fit with	what you predicted	would occur with th	is cross? Write a sho	rt summary to		
support your cond		macyca prodressa					